AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of all claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently amended) An arrestin chimera comprising an a naturally occurring betaarrestin-2 or fragment of arrestin and a naturally occurring ubiquitin moiety or a fragment of ubiquitin, wherein the arrestin chimera has an increased affinity for a GPCR, as compared to the affinity of a wild-type arrestin for a GPCR, and wherein increased affinity means that the arrestin chimera remains associated with the GPCR and traffics with the GPCR into endosomes, and wherein the arrestin chimera does not dissociate from the GPCR at or near the plasma membrane.
- (Currently amended) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the <u>naturally occurring</u> ubiquitin moiety or fragment of ubiquitin is fused in frame to the <u>naturally occurring beta-arrestin-2</u>.
 - (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the <u>naturally occurring</u>
 ubiquitin moiety or fragment of ubiquitin is not susceptible to deubiquitination.
- (Currently amended) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the <u>naturally occurring</u>
 ubiquitin moiety or fragment of ubiquitin is linked to the 5' or 3' end of the arrestin or fragment of arrestin.
- 6. (Currently amended) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the modified chimera further comprises a label, and wherein the label is a radioisotope, an epitope tag, an affinity label, an enzyme, a fluorescent group, or a chemiluminescent group.
- (Currently amended) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the arrestin chimera comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, or SEQ ID NO:6.
 - 8. (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid sequence encoding the modified arrestin of claim 1.

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- (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid comprising the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEO ID NO:5.
 - 10. (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid degenerate to the nucleic acid of claim 9.
 - 11. (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid complementary to the nucleic acid of claim 9.
- (Withdrawn) An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid sequence of claim 8
 operably linked to an expression control sequence.
 - 13. (Withdrawn) A host cell expressing one or more of the modified arrestin of claim 1.
 - 14. (Withdrawn) A host cell comprising the expression vector of claim 12.
 - 15. (Withdrawn) The host cell of claim 13, wherein the host cell further comprises a GPCR.
- (Withdrawn) The host cell of claim 13, wherein the host cell is a mammalian, 15 bacterial, yeast, plant, insect, or animal cell.
 - 17. (Withdrawn) The host cell of claim 13, wherein the cell is deposited on a substrate.
- (Previously Presented) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the ubiquitin moiety comprises one or more ubiquitin chains.
 - (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the GPCR is a class A GPCR.
- (Currently amended) The modified arrestin chimera of claim 1, wherein the arrestin chimera increases the internalization of the GPCR.

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22. (Canceled)

- (Withdrawn) A substrate having deposited thereon a plurality of cells, wherein the cells
 express at least one modified arrestin.
- (Withdrawn) The substrate of claim 23, wherein the cells further express one or more GPCRs.
- 25. (Withdrawn) A method of screening compounds and sample solutions for GPCR agonist, antagonist, inverse agonist, or desensitization active compound, comprising:
- a) providing a cell expressing at least one modified arrestin, wherein the cell further comprises one or more GPCRs.
- b) exposing the cell to a sample compound or compounds, wherein the sample compound or compounds may be in a sample solution,
 - c) detecting the modified arrestin or the GPCR along the translocation pathway, and
- d) determining if the compound or compounds is a GPCR agonist, antagonist, inverse agonist, or a desensitization active compound.
 - 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the arrestin or the GPCR is labeled.
 - 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the GPCR is a class A, or class B receptor.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the GPCR is a μ opioid, (β IAR, β 2AR, or dopamine receptor.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the modified arrestin or the GPCR is detected by visualization of a radioisotope, an epitope tag, an affinity label, an enzyme, a fluorescent group, or a chemiluminescent group attached to the arrestin or the GPCR.
 - 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein the compound is a GPCR ligand.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30, wherein the compound is a natural or synthetic agonist or antagonist.
 - 32. (Withdrawn) A compound identified by the method of claim 25.

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33. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a human or a non-human subject suffering from a GPCR-related disease, comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment, an amount of the compound of claim 32 sufficient to treat the GPCR-related disease, or to lessen the symptoms thereof.

- 34. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a human or a non-human subject suffering from a GPCR-related disease, comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a nucleic acid encoding a modified arrestin.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34, wherein the nucleic acid is administered by direct injection, microprojectile bombardment, delivery via liposomes or other vesicles, or by means of a vector that can be administered by one of the foregoing methods.

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